

Oberna' chemie BDC#2

30 ml 20% NaOH ($\rho = 1,20 \text{ g/cm}^3$)

+ 200 ml H_2O ($\rho = 1,00 \text{ g/cm}^3$) $\rightarrow ?$ ($1,05 \text{ g/cm}^3$)

$$m_1 w_1 + m_2 w_2 = m_3 w_3$$

$$m_1 + m_2 = m_3$$

$$m = V \cdot \rho \Rightarrow \rho_1 V_1 w_1 + \cancel{\rho_2 V_2 w_2} = (\rho_1 V_1 + \rho_2 V_2) w_3$$

$$\Rightarrow w_3 = \frac{\rho_1 V_1 w_1}{\rho_1 V_1 + \rho_2 V_2} = \frac{1,20 \cdot 30 \cdot 0,2}{1,00 \cdot 200 + 1,20 \cdot 30} =$$

$$= \frac{7,2}{236} = 0,0305$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{3\% \text{ roztok NaOH}}}$$